

Total No. of Questions – 10]  
(2062)

[Total Pages : 3

**9660**

**LL.B. Examination**

**JOURISPRUDENCE (LEGAL METHODS INDIAN  
LEGAL SYSTEM AND BASIC THEORY OF LAW)**

**Paper–XV**

**(Semester–III)**

**Time : Three Hours]**

**[Maximum Marks : 80**

*The candidates shall limit their answers precisely within the answer-book (40 pages) issued to them and no supplementary/ continuation sheet will be issued.*

**Note :** Attempt *five* questions in all, selecting *one* question from each unit. All questions carry equal marks.

**UNIT–I**

1. What is the relevance of studying Jurisprudence? State the definitions and explanations given by different jurists in defining jurisprudence. 16
2. 'Jurisprudence has its practical utility'. Discuss the utility of jurisprudence and the nature of Jurisprudence. 16

## UNIT-II

3. Critically analyze and discuss the Kelson's Pure theory of Law. 16
4. Who are the main exponents of sociological school of jurisprudence and their views briefly? Discuss the applicability of sociological thought in Indian legal perspective. 16

## UNIT-III

5. Legislation is the one of the important sources of law, discuss in detail and also differentiate between legislation and precedent. 16
6. What are the other sources of Law? Discuss in length equity as a source of law? 16

## UNIT-IV

7. 'Right is closely connected with the term wrong and duty' explain the concept of legal right. And also, the theories and elements of legal rights. 16
8. 'Ownership is the most important and supreme rights of all' throw some light on the statement by explaining Ownership and its kinds. 16

## **UNIT-V**

9. What is the connection of law and morality? What is hart's point of view on that? 16
10. Discuss the concept of obligation in detail. 16
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